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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/518,468	08/04/2005	Sergio Belli	05788.0334	8441
	7590 05/22/200 ENDERSON, FARAE	8 BOW, GARRETT & DUNNER	EXAMINER	
LLP			NGUYEN, CHAU N	
	901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2831	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/22/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/518,468	BELLI ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Chau N. Nguyen	2831				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Poeriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 M	larch 2008					
•	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 March 2008</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
′=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
٥/ا	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) 46-79 and 83-88 is/are pending in the	application.					
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>46-79 and 83-88</u> is/are rejected.						
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
-	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
•	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
,	Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate				

Application/Control Number: 10/518,468 Page 2

Art Unit: 2831

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary.

 Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 46-62, 73, 75-79, and 83-85 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meurer et al. (IEEE publication) in view of Belli et al. (WO 98/52197).

Meurer et al. (Figure 1) discloses a method for designing a cable comprising a conductor, an insulating layer surrounding the conductor and a protective element surrounding the conductor, comprising the steps of: selecting a conductor cross-sectional area; selecting a voltage class for the cable; determining a correlation between a thickness of the protective element and a thickness of the insulating layer so as to ensure the safe operation of the cable in the selected voltage class on the selected conductor cross-sectional area; selecting a thickness of the protective element; selecting a correlated thickness of the insulating layer; and using the selected insulating layer thickness and the selected protective element thickness in the design of the cable for the selected voltage class and selected conductor cross-sectional area. Specifically, Figure 5 of Meurer et al. discloses that when designing a cable for a selected voltage class, the thickness of the insulating layer and the thickness of the protective element (the sheath) are both being considered correspondingly. Meurer et al. also discloses that the predetermined voltage class is not higher than 10 kV (re claim 46), the predetermined voltage class is between 10 kV and 60 kV (re claim 48), the insulating layer thickness is at least 20% smaller than the insulating layer thickness provided for in the IEC Standard 60502 (re claim 51), the predetermined voltage class is 10 kV and the insulating layer thickness is not higher than 2.5 mm (re

claim 52), the voltage class is 20 kV and the insulating layer thickness is not higher than 4 mm (re claim 53), the voltage class is 30 kV and the insulating layer thickness is not higher than 5.5 mm (re claim 54), the conductor is a solid rod (re claim 55), the cable further comprising an electric shield surrounding the insulating layer and comprising a metal sheet shaped in tubular form (re claim 56), said insulating layer thickness is selected so that the electrical stress within the insulating layer when the cable is operated at a nominal voltage corresponding to said predetermined voltage class ranges among values between 2.5 and 18 kV/mm (re claim 57), the protective element is placed in a position radially external to the insulating layer (re claim 58), the conductor is a metal rod (re claim 73), the predetermined voltage class belongs to a medium or high voltage range (re claim 75).

Meurer et al. does not disclose the protective element including at least one polymeric expanded layer. Belli et al. discloses a cable comprising a protective element surrounding a conductor and including at least one polymeric expanded layer (10) such that the cable can withstand impacts of at least 25 J energy (re claim 79) or at least 50 J energy (re claim 47) or of at least 70 J (re claims 49, 78, 79), the degree of expansion of the expanded polymeric layer being between 0.35 and 0.7 or between 0.4 and 0.6 (re claims 59 and 60), the expanded layer having a

thickness between 1 and 5 mm (re claim 61), and the expanded layer being formed from polyolefin polymers or copolymers based on ethylene and/or propylene (re claim 62), the expanded layer having a constant thickness (re claim 83). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to include the polymeric expanded layer as taught by Belli et al. in the protective element of Meurer et al. to protect the cable against accidental impacts.

Re claim 76, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to choose suitable thickness for the insulating layer and the protective element as well as the cross-sectional area for the conductor of Belli et al. to meet the specific use of the resulting cable since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233.

Re claims 50 and 77, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to choose the predetermined voltage class to be higher than 60 kV for the cable of Meurer et al. to meet the specific use of the resulting cable since Meurer et al. teaches that the disclosed method or principle can be applied to other rated voltages and since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable range involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233.

4. Claims 62, 63, 69-72 and 84 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meurer et al. in view of Belli et al. (WO 99/33070).

Meurer et al. discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for the protective element including at least one polymeric expanded layer which is ethylene copolymers with an ethylenically unsaturated ester in which the quantity of unsaturated ester is between 5% and 80% by weight, a further expanded polymeric layer which is semiconductive or water swellable and in a position radially internal to the protective element and radially external to the insulating layer. Belli et al. discloses a cable comprising a protective element including an expanded polymeric layer which is ethylene copolymers with an ethylenically unsaturated ester in which the quantity of unsaturated ester is between 5% and 80% by weight and a further expanded polymeric layer which is semiconductive or water swellable and in a position radially internal to the protective element and radially external to the insulating layer. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to include the expanded layer as taught by Belli et al. in the protective element of Meurer et al. to protect the cable against accidental impacts. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the Meurer et al. layer which is in a position radially internal to the protective element and radially external to

the insulating layer to be an expanded layer or to be a swellable layer as taught by Belli et al. to further protect the cable against sudden impacts.

Page 7

5. Claims 64-68, 74, 84, and 86-88 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Meurer et al. in view of Balconi et al. (2005/0046073).

The applied reference has a common inventor (Sergio Belli) with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art only under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) might be overcome by: (1) a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not an invention "by another"; (2) a showing of a date of invention for the claimed subject matter of the application which corresponds to subject matter disclosed but not claimed in the reference, prior to the effective U.S. filing date of the reference under 37 CFR 1.131; or (3) an oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.130 stating that the application and reference are currently owned by the same party and that the inventor named in the application is the prior inventor under 35 U.S.C. 104, together with a terminal disclaimer in accordance with 37 CFR 1.321(c). This rejection might also be overcome by

showing that the reference is disqualified under 35 U.S.C. 103(c) as prior art in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). See MPEP § 706.02(l)(1) and § 706.02(l)(2).

Meurer et al. discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for the protective element including an expanded polymeric layer, at least one non-expanded polymeric layer which is coupled with the expanded layer, made of polyolefin, in a position radially external to the expanded layer, and has a thickness in the range of 0.2 to 1 mm, and a second non-expanded polymeric layer in a position radially internal to the expanded layer, the insulating layer being made of a non-crosslinked base polymeric material.

Balconi et al. (Figure 1) discloses a cable comprising a protective element including an expanded polymeric layer, at least one non-expanded polymeric layer which is coupled with the expanded layer, made of polyolefin, in a position radially external to the expanded layer, and has a thickness in the range of 0.2 to 1 mm, and a second non-expanded polymeric layer in a position radially internal to the expanded layer, the insulating layer being made of a non-crosslinked base polymeric material. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to include the layers as taught by Balconi et al. in the protective element of Meurer et al. to protect the cable against sudden impacts.

Application/Control Number: 10/518,468 Page 9

Art Unit: 2831

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 84 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Summary

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Application/Control Number: 10/518,468 Page 10

Art Unit: 2831

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chau N. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-1980. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Diego F.F. Gutiérrez can be reached on 571-272-2800 ext 31. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Application/Control Number: 10/518,468

Art Unit: 2831

/Chau N Nguyen/

Chau N Nguyen Primary Examiner Art Unit 2831 Page 11